## BOOK

Of the CHRONICLE of

JAMES, the Nephew,

WITHAN

HYMN of Thanksgiving

ONHIS

DELIVERANCE

From the HANDS of

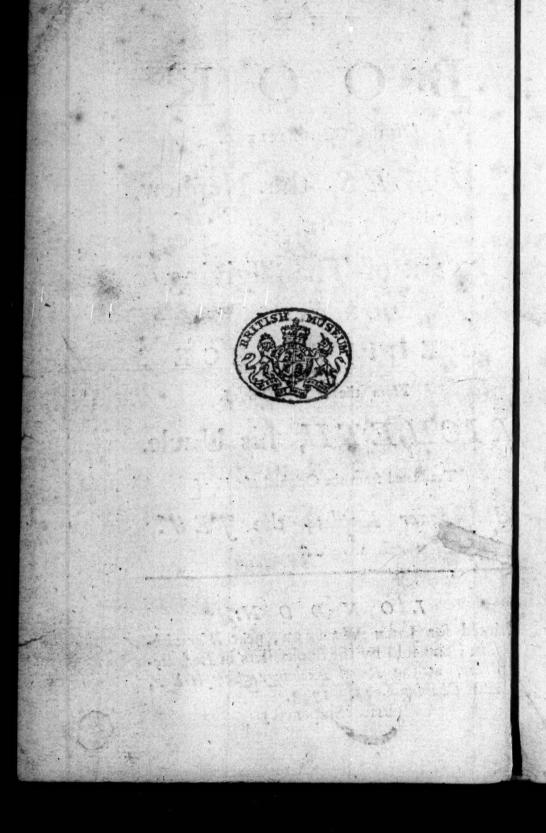
RICHETH, his Uncle.

Translated from the Original Arabic of

Belshazzer Kapha, the JEW.

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#### THE

Of the CHRONICLE of

## JAMES, the Nephew, &c.

#### CHAPTER I.

N the fourth Month of the third Year of the Reign of William the King, there fojourned here a Levite, who was a Chief among the Children of I-rl-d, and his Name was Alam.

2. And it came to pass, that Alam took unto himself a fair Wife of the Daughters of this Land, and Alam lived all the Days of his Life, and he died.

3. And Alam left two Sons, and the Name of the Elder was Arath, and the

Name of the Younger was Richeth.

4. And Arath and Richeth grew in Fayour with Men, and waxed great among the People.

5. And Arath took unto him a Wife of the Tribe of the Sheffilites, and her Name

was Mary.

A 2

6. And

6. And Arath and his Brother passed over into their own Land, and all that they had with them.

7. And Arath journeyed on towards the South, and pitched his Tents, he and his

Wife, even at the Land of D-n-m-n,

8. But Richeth tarried behind in the great City; and it came to pass, that Richeth wrought Evil in the Eyes of the Lord, and his Works were an Abomination unto him.

9. And he took Counsel with the Ungodly; and Richeth's Crimes cried aloud before Men, and Richeth fled before the Face of Justice, even unto the Land of Britain.

and her Name was Anne, and Richeth dwelt there even till the Death of Anne the Queen.

of Riebeth was hardened, and he faid unto himself, my Heart loaths Anne the Prustite.

12. I will waste her Riches in expensive living, and slee unto mine own Home, for they are now dead who seek after my Life.

13. And Richeth after he returned, went into the Tents of the Wicked, and had Commerce with them, and was counted of their Number.

14. Yea, he cast the Words of the Lord behind him, and took unto himself another Wife, of the Tribe of the S-m-ps-nites, and her

Name was Anne.

15. And Richeth waxed notorious in evil Doings, even unto a Proverb.

6. And it can'e to part it in the live

Home, that a mandiparted from the lates of Right councels, and, not come his 'NYC,

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## CHAP. II.

and took with him day well Son, his Man 1. A N D it came to pass, that while Arath sojourned at D-n-m-n, that Mary his Wife conceived and brought unto him a Son, and he called the Name thereof S. Act Smill with fames.

2. And Arath rejoyced with exceeding Gladness, and he called unto him many of the People of that Land, and faid unto thent, enter into my Tents with Gladness, and my Gates with a Song, and be thankful with me. I of a third was to estage to thow district

3. For this Day the Lord hath feen my Afflictions, and hath given me a Son to be a bright Light to mine House, and to be the Glory of my Tribe, and whose Birth shall rake my Brother's Iniquity on his own

ban .

to got and A 3 50 Mill and alAnd benon: Days, and were heard even at the Gates of

5. And the Child James grew exceeding-

ly, and waxed in Favour with all Men.

6. And it came to pass, that in the fourth Month of the third Year after the Birth of James, that Arath departed from the Paths of Righteousness, and put away his Wise,

yea, Mary his Beloved.

7. Then Arath remov'd from D-n-m-n, and took with him his little Son, his Man Servants, and his Maid Servants, his Cattle, and all that he had, and pitch'd his Tents at Con-d-f, even on the Banks of the great River.

8. And Arath for fook the Ways of his Father; and took unto him strange Women, and lived in Chambring and Wantonness.

togenYet in all this forgot he not James,

nor fuffer'd he him to lack.

Arath went to make merry with a Neighbour, and James took he in the Chariot with him.

this is my beloved Son, in whom my Soul

delighteth.no vinquist

12. This is he that will one Time floutish like the Tall Cedar on the Top of Lebanon. 13. And 13. And Arath set himself out, and brought Teachers and Masters, from all Parts,

to instruct James, yet a Child.

14. And it came to pass, that the Hand of the Lord was not with Arath, and he was persuaded by the Blandishments of a Harlot to return and dwell in the great City.

15. And Arath and his Concubine lived in all manner of Pleasure. Howbeit James

the Child was still beloved.

16. And for this the Wrath of the Harlot was kindled against him, and her Displeasure was grievous unto her.

17. And she said unto herself, peradventure the Heart of my Lord may go unto this Child, and what shall then become of me?

- 18. I will therefore fet my Face against him: to work evil in the Eyes of his Father, that his Countenance may be turned away from him.
- 19. So the Harlot went away, and communed with herself how she might destroy him.
- 20. And it came to pass, that on a Day, when Arath iat at Meat, and his Concubine with him, he said unto her, Woman, what shall I do for thee?
- 21. She answered and said unto him, if I have obtain'd Favour in the sight of my Lord,

  A 4 let

let James the Child be put away, and Arath

agreed to the fayings of the Woman.

Arath returned to the great City, it came to pass, that James was driven away from the Presence of his Father, and took Sanctuary amongst the Buyers and Sellers of great Cattle.

23. And James experienced great want, even the want of Bread; but in all this curfed he not his Father, and the Lord was therefore with him.

24. And the Anger of the Lord was against Arath, and he smote him so that he died.

him forely of his Follies, and the Evil done unto James his Son.

Arath, are they not written on the Hearts of

to the Harldt went away, and com-

And it exert to pake that on a Day,

the People, even unto this Day.

infoluence and this Charles, while Charles.

of, the aniwa of and fild unto blue, if I best characters and form to the first of any Lord,

## CHAP. III.

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TOW the Hopes of Richeth and Anne his Wife began to revive: for their Hearts lufted after the gay things of this World.

2. and they conspired together and faid, James, the Heir, is cast out, come let us kill him, fo shall our Hearts have Peace in his Possessions.

3. But the Heart of the Woman was moved with Compassion toward him, and she faid, not fo my Lord, for we will not have his Blood on our Heads, let us therefore sell him to a distant Land.

4. And the Words of the Woman pleafed him well, and they joined themselves to certain of the Sons of Belial, known in the Land by the Name of Constables, and they bore him fecretly away into a foreign Land, even the great Land of America.

5. Lo, there he became a Drawer of Water, and Hewer of Wood, and his Bondage was grievous, even for the space of thirteen

Years.

6. And there was a Day, when the chief Men of the Land were gathered together, and Richeth came there also.

7. And the great Chancellor faid unto him,

whence comest thou?

8. And he answered and said, Arath my Brother is dead, and James is not; therefore I pray thee let me inherit the Portion of my Fathers.

9. And the great Chancellor faid unto him, fwear unto me this Day, and to those that are with me, that these things are so.

to. And behold he fwore unto him a great Oath, which bears record against him

even unto this Day.

up, and he took unto him Wives and Concubines, and drank Wine with them.

12. Neither remembred he the giver of all good Things, for his Heart burned after all

manner of Uncleanness.

13. And Richeth committed all manner of Excess, neither stopped he to go into the Highways, and devour the innocent Traveller.

14. And the Wrath of the Lord was upon Richeth, informuch that he gave him not a

faithful Counsellor.

James, and upon his going out, and his coming in, and he prospered him in all his ways.

CHAP.

#### CHAP. IV.

BOUT this Time the Men of this Land made War with the Children of Spain.

2. And they armed their Thousands, and their ten Thousands, and all their Ships of

War.

3. And made ready their Chariots, and their Horses, and great Fear came upon all Nations.

4. And they carried the War into the uttermost Corners of the Earth, even unto the Place of James's Captivity.

5. Then James went forth to Battle also.

and the Lord was with him.

6. And he was made know unto the Chief Captain of the Host of G---ge the King, and he found Favour in his Sight,

7. And the Chief Captain faid unto him, it shall not be that thou tarry longer here. while another unjustly possesseth what is thine.

8. And James returned home.

o. And the Lord fent his Angel before his Face, even to Mc K---- the Scot, and L-v-n-f-n and K-nn-dy wife Men of that Nation. 10. And

that when a Lad cometh unto you from the Chief Captain of the Hosts, you shall entreat him kindly, and say unto him,

Father, and you shall be unto us a Son; for to this Purpose the Lord hath raised ye up.

12. And these wise Men from the North answered and said, Be it Lord as thou hast

spoken.

13. Nevertheless it may be that they who knew the Lad in his own Land are now Dead.

14. And the Angel answered and said, Fear not, they are still alive, and will bear

Testimony for him.

15. And it came to pass, as the Lad approached near unto their Dwelling, that they ran out to meet him, and fell upon his Neck and Kissed him.

16. And faid unto him, The Lord is with

thee, be of good Cheer.

17. Altho' Men rise up against thee, yet will we not forsake thee.

erd spile for all remains and

#### CHAP. V.

1. WHEN Richeth had heard these Things, his Heart was hardened, yet ten Times more.

2. And he faid within himself, to beg I am ashamed, and go among the Men of

War, I dare not.

3. It now repenteth me that I took Council of Anne my Wife, and spared the Lad; howbeit, there are Spirits evil enough to accomplish my Purpose, I will therefore kill him.

4. So shall my Heart rejoice in Safety.

5. And so Richeth got him Folks to bear him false Witness, and they would have prosecuted him, even unto Death, at the Old Bailey.

6. But the Lord delivered him by the Hands of Mc K--r, the Scot, and the other

wife Men of that Nation.

7. Then it came to pass, that James, and Mc K--r, and L-v-nst--n, and K-nn-dy, passed over the Sea, called George's Channel.

8. And they came with a mighty Noise into I-r-l-nd, and the Hearts of the Multi-

tude were with them.

9. And they found Favour in the Eyes of the Judges, and the rest of the great Men of the Land.

10. And

### [14]

10. And they appointed a Day for the

judging of Richeth.

East, and from the West, and from the North, and from the South, and bear Witness for James.

and the mighty Men of the Land, rent their Garments at hearing the Iniquity of Rich-

etb.

13. And they pronounced Sentence on Richeth.

14. Now all the ungodly Acts of Richeth, and all the unrighteous Steps that he took, are they not written in the Book of the Trial of that Day.

A HYMN,

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A HYMN, Set to Jewish Musick, by Nathan Benhadad, the Levite.

T

TWAS when King George ruled this Land
The Second of the Name,
A Youth, his Right came to demand,
Of fair and goodly Fame.

II

His Uncle had, in rueful Guife Convey'd him over Seas, Regardless of his piteous Cries, He dwelt at Home in Ease.

III.

Likewise he did, of hideous Height,
Uprear a Gallows Tree,
From whence he hop'd, one Day he might
His Nephew hanging see.

Hammond, as righteous People fay, (Who godly Scriptures conn)
A Gallows built for Mordecai,
And hanged was thereon.

Once Richeth's haughty Countenance
Did fee m to us full stern;
And eke his Threats he did advance
To make our Heart-strings yearn.

VI. In

## [ 16 ]

IV.

In Thraldom too, when we were bound, And Death feem'd to us nigh; Our Foes did their ownfelves confound By their Iniquity.

VI.

On this most happy Day;
May like betide our Enemies
For ever, and for ay.

VIII.

And Day by Day, we them will praise, Who did with Mean and Might (When we were Strangers) us up raise From dire and doleful Flight.

IX.

To M-n-t-y our Voice we'll raife, And fing with heartsome Glee: No Man on Earth deserveth Praise, If none deserveth he.

X.

God prosper long the Baron Chief,
And eke the Men also,
Who blithsome brought us kind Relief,
When we were fill'd with Woe.

Hurththe preside

BEEZZZZZZZZZZZ

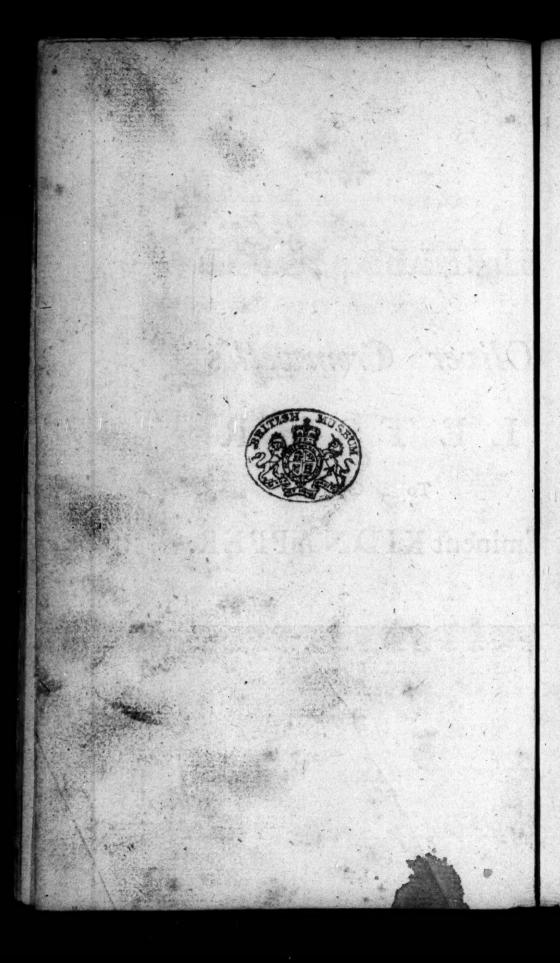
## Oliver Cromwell's

## LETTER

To a Certain

Eminent KIDNAPPER.

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# Oliver Cromwell's LETTER, &c.

From Styx, the 85th Year of my Arrival here.

Dear Brother,

fome Persons lately come among us, of the noble Attempts you have, for some time past, been making to abolish that most ridiculous Custom, which now generally prevails all over the Christian World, I mean hereditary Descent, I could not avoid sending you a Compliment of Condolence on the ill Success of your glorious Endeavours, and assuring you from Pluto, or (as others call him) Satan himself, who (by the way) uses your humble Servant as a particular Friend, that, the you have not met with an B 2

### [ 20 ]

Event suitable to your *Deserts*, yet you shall be *amply* and *properly* rewarded, when (and very probably it may be soon) you arrive in his infernal Majesty's Dominions.

I have often thought that you and I refemble one another in many Particulars, and tho' you had not so lofty a Quarry to fly at, yet your Designs have bore a near Similitude to mine, nor have they been without their Share of consummate Prudence and Policy.

I indeed, have the Advantage of you in this, that whereas I had a whole Family to contend with, I cut off the Head of the Father, and transported the Sons, &c. with all imaginable Ease; you, on the other Hand, had but one Son to deal with, and him you banished; but had I been advifed with, I confess, I should have been for fending him a Journey to another World, where in all probability you would never have feen him. He was ('tis true) your Nephew, but then he stood in the way between you and a noble Title and Fortune; and give me Leave to fay, that, as he was almost entirely abandon'd to Infamy and Vice, it was not only a prudent, but a generous and a pious Action in you to be

at the Trouble and Expence of binding him Apprentice, even to an American Planter. That he was no Loss to the Public is evident, by the turbulent Spirit of him, which would not fuffer him to rest contented with that Station which your Benevolence had placed him in, but he must be endeavouring to regain what (tho' his Right) more properly belonged to your Superior Merit. The Trouble and Rout he has made ever fince he returned, the Expence he has given the Town in lighting up Bonfires for him, and drinking his Health, with many other Particulars, prove, beyond Contradiction, that he was better absent than at Home.

I confess, you transcend me and every other illustrious Villain I ever saw, or heard of, in one Particular: I mean, your dexterous Management in relation to the Prosecution for robbing on the Highway, which perhaps might have been bury'd in Oblivion, had it not been for this Contention, in which, tho' vanquish'd, you have gain'd such a Name, as will transmit you (and justly too) to the latest Posterity. No Politicks, no Forecast in the World, would have been able to stem the Torrent which at that Time B 3

rush'd against you, but those of so refined a Spirit as yours, affifted (as he himself has often told me) by the tremendous Prince of Darkness. What a noble Prudence was it in you, to turn the Accusation against the Accusers? What Zeal to preserve the Scutcheon of so noble a Family from Blot? What Glory in triumphing over petty Jufices? Why should a Man of your Birth fuffer an ignominious Death, for borrowing in a lordly Manner from his Inferiors? Why should it not be esteemed an Action truly Praise-worthy, and of consummate Valour, to oblige fuch Scoundrels, as would not yield to the Force of your (no doubt convincing) Arguments; I fay, to oblige them, by the reasoning of a well loaded Pistol, to give up their paltry Right, to what fuch undaunted Resolution was only worthy of? Then, let People object as they will, that the Innocent, or at least Persons who acted by your Orders, were put to Death, where you were certainly the proper Object and Sphere for the Soul-freeing Officer to exercife his eminent Function on; I can eafily confute all these malicious Infinuations, by shewing the great Service you did, first to the public good Nature of your Country; for how would it found in the Mouths of the

the foreign Enemies of G-f B-n, that the Heir apparent (as you then were) to one of the primary Titles in it was ---- hanged for Robbery! then, in the fecond Place, you freed two unhappy Wretches from a Life of Slavery, and by a dependant Death delivered them from the miserable State of a dependant Life: Nay, moreover in all human Probability, had these Felons lived, the Course which you yourfelf had led them into, would have brought 'em to the Gallows at last, and perhaps deservedly; then, who knows what might have been their Circumstances in a future State? Now you, by stringing them up in the Manner before related, fent them where they are out of danger of being corrupted, and in no fear of ferving fuch a Master, any more.

All the Particulars that I have hitherto related, (and give me Leave to fay, it is impossible to express you in Words suitable to your wond'rous Performances) are of so high a Nature, that when I think on them, I almost despair of bringing the Parallel between us, which I so much desire, to bear: Yet, think not what comes from one, who truly honours your unequal'd Deserts, is Flattery; in my Opinion, what is still behind of your prodigious B 4

Life, is for greater than any Thing I have yet mentioned.

The Set of Men, who stile themselves virtuous, object to your Character, that being married in one Kingdom, you publickly perjured yourself to gain a mean Match (but heightned by some all-powerful Gold) in another; that after this you deferted your last Wife, branded her Character with Infamy, and abandoned ber to Shame and Poverty, who was the Means of cloathing you, when your Credit was fo low, that not a Dealer in fecondary Riggings would trust you for a Thread-bare Suit; and then (after having before forfworn your Contract) hearing your prior Lady had faved a trifling Sum, and was at the Point of Death: Whip---you were gone to t'other Kingdom, administred to her, and disappointed her poor Relations, by inheriting the little she had left behind her. Answer to all this, I only desire these fage Gentlemen to confider, that every Man in the World may be guilty of a Fault, especially when Necessity presses and obliges him to it, (and the best may fometimes be in Distress.) But then, what more the Indication of a well-form'd Mind

Mind than Penitence? And what a greater Sign of Penitence than Amendment and contrary Practice? Now this, all the World must own, appears conspicuously in your Character: For that you repented of the heinous Sins of *Perjury* and *Polygamy*, is plain, by your returning to your former Wife: 'Tis true, it was somewhat late, for she was dying before you fet out, yet that was undoubtedly the Effect of Chance, and not your Inclination, which prevented your going before you was fure fhe could no longer be any Trouble to you, or Impediment to the Freedom of Life you all along shewed so warm a Paffion for. Then again, it may be faid, that it argued great Ingratitude in you, to use so ill, a Person you was fo much obliged to, as every Body knows you were to your former Wife: But fuch triffling Confiderations are below the Notice of a great Soul, as Authors of an exalted Genius difregard the mean Fetters of little Rules, and exact Obedience to Precept.

If this Letter fall into the Hands of the Public, (as for the Sake of your Innocence, which is here so abundantly proved, I wish it may) they will undoubtedly pass a

far different Judgment on your Actions, than they have hitherto done: For whereas before the Generality of Mankind look'd on your Exploits as great, they will now think them beyond *Imitation*, nay, (as I have found by Experience) beyond Expression.

I come now to the most beautiful Part of your Picture, where you appear foremost in the Pursuit of Justice. How noble, how public spirited a Principle was it, that urged you to put yourfelf to fo much Trouble, to fo much Expence, in order that the casual Death of one of his Majesty's Subjects, (tho', as you declare, no Way related to you, in any Respect) should be duly examined into, and proper Satisfaction taken of the supposed Murtherer? Could any Thing equal that glorious Effrontry which you shewed your felf Master of, in publicly appearing at your Nephew's Trial, after it was evident you had laid out above eight Hundred Pounds to bire Witnesses, &c. in the Prosecution of him, and promifed ten Thousand more in Case he was convicted of the Crime? To be fure, 'tis faid (to take off the Merit of this illustrious Action) by your Enemies,

that all this was done, only because you were convinced he was your Nephew, and the just Heir to the Title and Estate you then enjoyed: Well, granting the Proposition, that public Justice was not the main and only Motive of this your Care and Diligence in his Profecution: yet, what could be a greater Mark of Prudence and Care for Posterity, than your Endeavours to prevent one, you did not know might be a Bastard, from enjoying a Fortune, which you could not be fure was his Right, unless you yourfelf had been an Eye-Witness of his Birth. I must own, if you only did it (as your Foes alledge) for the Attainment of an easy and uncontroul'd Poffession, nothing can exceed your great and wonderful Wisdom in the whole Management of this extraordinary Affair. Your Conduct throughout both this and your last Struggle, tho' indeed both unhappily frustrated, speaks you to be a Man of uncommon Depth of Thought, an enterprizing Genius, and inimitable Refolution and Confidence in the Pufuit of his Wishes.

I hope e'er long, to have the Happiness of converfing with you in Person; but, in the mean Time, must beg leave to give you fome friendly Advice in relation to your future Conduct in Life. You have now, in the Eve of the World, loft all Hopes or Probability of ever regaining the Title you fo lately have been deprived of; yet nevertheless, a little of your Policy would infallibly restore all again. In order to this, my poor Council is, (which, I am well affured, no Man living is fo capable of executing as yourfelf) that as you are sensible if your Nephew dies without Iffue, you are next in Remainder to the Estate again; (whether he has Children, or no, I confess, I am not sufficiently inform'd, but if he has, a Nurse may be fee'd to put a little Arfenick in the Ponadoe, or to run a Pin behind the Ear, which would put the Heir effectually out of the Way) in order to haften the Departure of the Father, (who else might perhaps, in the Course of Nature, out-live you, and disappoint all these Schemes, tho' inspir'd by Hell itself) take but a Voyage to Italy, a Thing which, I am fure, will feem little and eafy to fuch a Genius as yours; there you may purchase, at an eafy Rate, a scented Letter, or a perfumed Pair of Gloves, that, being properly applied

applied, will remove this Canker to your Peace, this Disease to your Sight, without any Trouble, or indeed, (which is the principal Thing,) without any Suspicion of your being concern'd in it.

I shall conclude this Epistle, with reminding you (between ourselves) that if you could make yourself Master of a little more of my most characteristick Virtue, I mean what the World calls Hypocrify and Diffimulation, it would be of infinite Service to you in this Attempt; you must not act as you have hitherto done, with open Defiance to Law and Justice, with unconceal'd and barefac'd Villany, but must screen this new Exploit by submitting yourself to him, owning his Right, and shewing the greatest Marks of Contrition possible; then under this Cover you will have easy Access to him when you please, and I leave it to yourself, how you ought to make use of that Accefs.

This finishing Stroke will complete the Similitude between our Characters; the only Difference then remaining will be, that I had the Honour of being hang'd after I was dead; but (in order to our being as near

[ 30 ]

one another as possible) that you may meet with the same Fate while living, is the hearty Wish of

Your most affectionate Brother, and

Humble Servant,

Oliver Cromwell. 23 AP 57

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distance that black this was their